

Comprehensive Exercises

亲爱的同学你好，欢迎进入综合测试环节，本测试共包含以下几种题型：

- 一、交际用语：5小题，每小题2分，共10分；
- 二、词汇语法：15小题，每小题2分，共30分；
- 三、阅读理解：2篇，每篇5小题，每小题4分，共40分；
- 四、写作：1篇，共20分。

本测试不限答题次数和时间，可供反复多次练习，成绩不计入形考。

1. -Oh. Dear! I've lost my new iPad mini.

- _____

单选题 (2.0分) (难度:中)

- A. Terrific!
- B. That's all right.
- C. What a pity!

正确答案: C

答案解析: 暂无

2. - Cheer up and pay more attention to your colleagues and things will be much better.

- _____

单选题 (2.0分) (难度:中)

- A. It sounds quite difficult.
- B. I'm glad to hear that.
- C. Thank you very much.

正确答案: C

答案解析: 暂无

3. - Catherine, would you give some opinions about my PPT?

- _____, however, I have one suggestion.

单选题 (2.0分) (难度:中)

- A. It looks too bad
- B. It looks a little unnecessary
- C. It looks fine to me

正确答案: C

答案解析: 暂无

4. - Excuse me, but can you tell me the way to the Seafood market?

- _____

单选题 (2.0分) (难度:中)

- A. Sorry, I'm a stranger here.
- B. I think I'd better write it down.
- C. You're driving too fast.

正确答案: A

答案解析: 暂无

5. - _____

- Can you tell me something about your new product?

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. What do you do, Sir?

B. What do you know, Madam?

C. What can I help you, Sir?

正确答案: C

答案解析: 暂无

6. The reason why I plan to go there is _____ if I don't.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. because she will be disappointed

B. why she will be disappointed

C. that she will be disappointed

正确答案: C

答案解析: 暂无

7. _____ language, maths and history, the children are also taught music and art.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. Beside

B. In addition to

C. In spite of

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

8. All students are eager to know _____ they will pass the exam or not.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. whether

B. unless

C. whoever

正确答案: A

答案解析: 暂无

9. They talked to each other _____ they had been friends for years.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. though

B. as though

C. even though

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

10. As there is no car now, we have to go home _____.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. by foot

B. on foot

C. by walk

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

11. It is only through practice _____ one will learn English well.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. who

B. what

C. that

正确答案: C

答案解析: 暂无

12. I've made _____ mistakes than you have.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. many

B. more

C. a lot of

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

13. Neither of the young men who had applied for a position in the company _____.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. was accepted

B. were accepted

C. have accepted

正确答案: A

答案解析: 暂无

14. The faint sound is _____ undetectable to the human ear.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. rigorously

B. virtually

C. strictly

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

15. _____ the future, we are full of confidence.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. Look into

B. Looking into

C. To be looked into

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

16. The parents will never forget that it was _____ who had saved their child's life.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. he

B. him

C. his

正确答案: A

答案解析: 暂无

17. They want the multimedia laboratory _____ as soon as possible.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. to set up

B. to be set up

C. being set up

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

18. With all this work on hand, he _____ to the cinema last night.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. wouldn't have gone

B. mustn't have gone

C. shouldn't have gone

正确答案: C

答案解析: 暂无

19. It is said that this kind of kiwi fruit _____, however they taste delicious.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. are highly priced

B. is highly priced

C. highly prices

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

20. _____ such a good chance, he planned to learn more.

单选题 (2.0 分) (难度:中)

A. Having given

B. Being given

C. Having been given

正确答案: C

答案解析: 暂无

21. Here's a crazy idea: Combine bioprinting and tissue engineering to "print" animal products and tackle some of the planet's biggest problems. Animal farming, after all, accounts for about half of all human-caused greenhouse gases, taking place on one third of the available, non-frozen land on Earth, all to feed people's appetites for 300 million tons of meat a year.

Modern Meadow is a Missouri-based startup that engineers tissues to create lab-grown edible meat, in a process that eliminates many of the negative environmental effects associated with traditional livestock practices.

The company claims that by carefully layering mixtures of cells of different types in a specific structure, in vitro meat production becomes feasible. It's set a short-term goal of printing a sliver of meat around two centimeters by one centimeter, and less than half a millimeter thick, which is edible.

The company explains in a submission to the United States Department of Agriculture: "The technology has several advantages in comparison to earlier attempts to engineer meat in vitro. The bio-ink particles can be reproducibly prepared with mixtures of cells of different types. Printing ensures consistent shape, while post-printing structure formation and maturation in the bioreactor facilitates conditioning."

However, it admits that the road ahead is strewn with difficulties. "The consumer acceptance of such products may not be without challenges. We expect it will first appeal to culinary early-adopter consumers and the segment of the vegetarian community that rejects meat for ethical reasons. With reduction in price, it can reach the masses with religious restrictions on meat consumption (people restricted to Hindu, Kosher, Halal diets) and finally populations with limited access to safe meat production."

Whatever the final outcome, lab-grown edible meat is no longer in the realm of science fiction. It is coming.

综合题 (20.0 分)

- (1) Which of the following is NOT related to animal farming, according to the passage?

单选题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

- A. Greenhouse gases.
- B. Occupying too much arable land.
- C. Desertification of land.

正确答案: C

答案解析: 暂无

- (2) Why does Modern Meadow try to produce lab-grown edible meat?

单选题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

- A. To get rid of some negative environmental effects associated with animal farming.
- B. To test whether people can accept this bioprinted meat or not.
- C. To replace real meat with consistent shape and structure.

正确答案: A

答案解析: 暂无

- (3) What might be the biggest challenge when this lab-grown meat is launched to the market?

单选题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

- A. Safety of this product.
- B. Consumer acceptance of this product.
- C. Sanitation of this product

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

- (4) Who might not be the potential customers of this meat?

单选题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

- A. Vegetarians who reject meat for ethical reasons.
- B. People with religious restrictions on meat consumption.
- C. People with plenty access to safe meat production.

正确答案: C

答案解析: 暂无

(5) From this passage, we can learn that lab-grown edible meat_____ .

单选题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

- A. exists in science fiction only
- B. is yet to come and it will solve some practical problems
- C. will not be accepted by the masses

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

22. Something else could be coming soon to a vehicle near you: more technology, the kind that could help your car talk to others around it. Unlike some proposed cars of the future, it would not actually do the driving for you. But it could warn you about what other drivers are doing. The U.S. government may require this feature in the future, but it would add to the cost of the car.

Vehicles of the future could be cars that talk to the driver and each other. The U.S. government wants them on the road soon, pushing for technology that would warn drivers of danger coming from any direction.

It's called vehicle-to-vehicle technology. Cars would send wireless messages to each other within about 300 yards, communicating information like speed, direction and GPS position ten times per second. When cars share this information, they can account for all the vehicles around them, which means they are able to identify possible crashes.

The technology sees around corners, over hills and through other vehicles. For example, my car will tell me that there are five cars just ahead of me, and I can slow down beforehand while the vehicle ahead sends my car a message giving me enough time to react.

33,000 Americans are killed and 2.3 million injured in car crashes every year. The Department of Transportation (DoT) predicts, talking cars could prevent up to 80 percent of crashes involving sober drivers.

Five major car companies have been working with DoT on developing and testing the technology. 3,000 cars are already using it as part of a government pilot test. Sometime after 2016, the U.S. government hopes your car will be able to communicate with you.

While DoT hopes to make this technology the rule by 2016, it will still need the public to weigh in before anything is finalized. Now, as for privacy, the government says that data sent between cars doesn't record personal information, so your privacy should not be compromised.

综合题 (20.0 分)

(1) According to the text, the future vehicles can let the drivers see the area behind the car.

判断题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

- A. T
- B. F

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

(2) According to the text, the future vehicles can tell you about what other drivers are doing.

判断题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

- A. T

B. F

正确答案: A

答案解析: 暂无

(3) The government is pushing for technology that would warn drivers of danger coming from any direction.

判断题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

A. T

B. F

正确答案: A

答案解析: 暂无

(4) The goThe government is pushing for technology that would not increase the cost of the car.

判断题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

A. T

B. F

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

(5) The cars would send text messages to each other within about 300 yards.

判断题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

A. T

B. F

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

23. Liverpool city council want to clear the city of fat pigeons. They say that people are feeding the birds, which makes them fat. The pigeons get bigger because their normal diet would consist of seeds and insects, not high-fat junk food they are eating in the city centre.

The council want people to know that everyone who feeds the pigeons is responsible for the streets being so crowded with these birds. They hope to encourage the birds to move away from the city centre and into parks and open spaces.

Ten robotic birds have been brought into the city centre to scare the pigeons away and visitors are asked not to give the pigeons any food. The mechanical birds—known as 'robops'—will sit on the roofs of buildings. They can be moved around to different locations. They look like a peregrine falcon, which is a bird that kills pigeons. They even make noises and flap their wings to scare the pigeons. They hope that the pigeons will go away before the city becomes the European Capital of Culture in two years.

综合题 (20.0 分)

(1) Pigeons get fat because they eat seeds and insects.

判断题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

A. T

B. F

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

(2) According to the council, everyone is to blame for the numbers of pigeons.

判断题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

A. T

B. F

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

(3) They want the pigeons to move out of the city centre.

判断题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

A. T

B. F

正确答案: A

答案解析: 暂无

(4) The robotic birds can move around the city centre.

判断题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

A. T

B. F

正确答案: B

答案解析: 暂无

(5) A peregrine falcon likes to eat pigeons.

判断题 (4.0 分) (难度:中)

A. T

B. F

正确答案: A

答案解析: 暂无