

试卷代号:3937

国家开放大学2021年秋季学期期末统一考试

人文英语 2 试题

2022 年 1 月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

四、考试时间为 60 分钟。

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分,每小题 2 分)

1—5 题:根据对话内容选择恰当的选项。

1. —Well, would you like something else?

—

- A. I'd like some cookies.
- B. Yes, please.
- C. As you like.

2. —What is the fastest way to mail it?

—

- A. Thank you very much.
- B. Post office is over there.
- C. By air mail.

3. —Hello, Molly. I'd like to invite you to a party.

—A party? _____

- A. What for?
- B. So what?
- C. What about you?

4. —It will start at 7 o'clock on Sunday evening. Will you come with your boyfriend?

—Sure. We'll be there before seven. _____

- A. Thank you for the invitation.
- B. Thank you all the same.
- C. That's all right.

5. —Can I take your order, madam?

—

- A. Yes. I'd like some noodles.
- B. Yes. It's as quiet as we expected.
- C. No. The price's reasonable.

二、词汇与结构(共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)

6—20 题:阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。

6. I found _____ not so difficult to learn English.
A. it B. that
C. one
7. _____ pity you lost the game again!
A. What B. What a
C. How
8. After cleaning the floor, I went on _____ the window.
A. cleaning B. to clean
C. clean
9. In our country every boy and every girl _____ the right to go to school.
A. has B. have
C. had
10. There isn't _____ dangerous. Follow me.
A. nothing B. anything
C. something
11. What do you think you can do to _____ the problem?
A. dissolve B. deal
C. solve
12. A beautiful package will make a good _____.
A. progress B. impression
C. contribution
13. I have got the name list, and I'll _____ it twice.
A. affirm B. confirm
C. convince
14. Why not _____ yourself a bit while you work?
A. to enjoy B. enjoy
C. enjoying

15. If you _____ a scientist, in what way would you deal with the problem?

A. were B. am
C. was

16. We can act _____ the interview.

A. out B. as
C. on

17. If you take the _____ to learn a new skill, you will grasp it quickly.

A. initiating B. initiative
C. initiation

18. Would you like to choose the one _____ is decorated with green color?

A. that B. as
C. whose

19. I have ever _____ to Beijing for three times.

A. gone B. arrived
C. been

20. The cover letter will be seen first. _____, it must be very well written.

A. However B. Besides
C. Therefore

三、阅读理解(共计 40 分,每小题 4 分)

21—25 题:阅读下列短文,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案。

The first year of school in America, known as kindergarten(幼儿园), usually begins between the ages of five and six. Among rich countries such a late start is very strange. President Obama believes it is an economic and social problem; his education secretary goes as far as to say that it is “morally wrong”. This statement has some support, as it is clear from research into vocabulary that youngsters from poor families enter kindergarten well behind those from rich families - a disadvantage that usually lasts a lifetime. Children from households on welfare knew 525 words by the age of three, while the children of professionals had mastered 1,116.

Pre-school can help close this gap. So in a speech last month, Mr. Obama called for a partnership between the federal government and the states to expand it to every American child. It later became known that “every” meant those who come from families with incomes of up to 200% above the poverty line – equal to an income of \$47,000 for a family of four.

Some critics(评论家) say that sending children to school at the age of four does not work. The evidence suggests otherwise. For example, on March 20th new results were announced from a study of 9 to 11 year olds in New Jersey. This report found that disadvantaged children who had attended pre-school had better literacy (读写能力), language, math and science skills. And two years of pre-kindergarten were better than one.

Some studies also follow the effects of early learning over lifetimes, such as its effect on crime rates and other factors that may eventually burden society. Critics have singled out a government scheme called Head Start, created in 1965, which provides poor households with a range of services including school-based early education.

21. The kindergarten in other rich countries usually begins _____ than in America.

- A. earlier
- B. later
- C. slower

22. Which is TRUE about the vocabulary size of the two groups of kids?

- A. Poor pre-school kids have a larger vocabulary than rich ones.
- B. Rich pre-school kids have a larger vocabulary than poor ones.
- C. There is no obvious difference between the two groups of kids.

23. Which of the following about the New Jersey study is TRUE?

- A. There is no evidence to support the New Jersey study.
- B. Two years of pre-kindergarten were better than one.
- C. Sending children to school at the age of four is not going to help.

24. The phrase “single out” in the last paragraph means _____.

- A. count
- B. think about
- C. choose

25. Which of the following is an appropriate title for this passage?

- A. Secondary Education
- B. Pre-school Education
- C. Poor Kids' Education

26—30 题: 阅读短文, 根据短文内容进行判断, 正确写“T”, 错误写“F”。

My volunteer work helps me grow up. It has made me more aware of the difficulties other people go through and made me appreciate the simple things we have in life. It enables me, as an adult, to become more confident and to realize the difference I can make.

I now have new career aspirations and the confidence to take forward these new ideas, since I started mentoring at the Open University and gained the experience of working with young students. I'll go on to do a teaching assistant course and look for a volunteering teaching or youth work in the future.

My research project will be to build a spatial web application. It was inspired by the volunteering I do for another not-for-profit organization.

My volunteering at an animal shelter is neither connected to my studies nor to my career interests. I do it purely for pleasure, satisfaction and the feeling that I can help somebody. It's made me a happier person, and I wouldn't have got this far at university without it.

26. Volunteer work makes me more confident.

27. I work with other young volunteers in the Open University.

28. My research is related to the volunteering I do for another not-for-profit organization.

29. My volunteering at an animal shelter makes me a happier person.

30. Without the volunteer work, I wouldn't have my new career as a teacher.

四、翻译(共计 20 分, 每小题 4 分)

31—35: 从以下 A、B、C 三个选项中选择出最佳的翻译。

31. We feel more accomplished personally in some way.

- A. 在某种意义上, 我们更会感受到个人的成就感。
- B. 在一些方式上, 我们感觉更有个人成就感。
- C. 在某种意义上, 我们更会克服个性化的方式。

32. There are more and more crimes because of a lack of rules and regulations.

- A. 不断增加的犯罪是由于缺乏监管条例。
- B. 由于缺乏法律法规, 出现了越来越多的犯罪行为。
- C. 越来越多的犯罪行为导致了制度管理的缺乏。

33. In a word, adding your effort to the work of others makes everyone's life better.

A. 一言以蔽之,在工作中付出努力让每个人的生活更美好。

B. 总之,帮助他人,会使每个人的生活更美好。

C. 总之,为别人的工作付出辛苦让每个人的生活更美好。

34. We will invite Professor Johnson to attend our conference next Monday.

A. 我们要邀请约翰逊博士来参加我们下一次的会议。

B. 我们要邀请约翰逊博士来参加我们下周一的会议。

C. 我们即将在下周一发出邀请,约翰逊博士将来参加我们的会议。

35. But I have no idea what they would like to put up on their walls.

A. 但是我不能帮他们出主意在墙上挂东西。

B. 但是我不知道他们愿不愿意在墙上挂东西。

C. 但是我不知道他们想在墙上挂点什么。

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学 号
姓 名
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座位号

国家开放大学2021年秋季学期期末统一考试

人文英语 2 试题答题纸

2022 年 1 月

题 号	一	二	三	四	总 分
分 数					

得 分	评卷人

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分,每小题 2 分)

1—5 题:根据对话内容选择恰当的选项。

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

得 分	评卷人

二、词汇与语法 (共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)

6—20 题:阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。

6. 7. 8. 9. 10.
11. 12. 13. 14. 15.
16. 17. 18. 19. 20.

得 分	评卷人

三、阅读理解 (共计 40 分,每小题 4 分)

21—25 题:阅读短文,根据短文内容从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案。

21. 22. 23. 24. 25.

26—30 题:阅读短文,根据短文内容进行判断,正确写“T”,错误写“F”。

26. 27. 28. 29. 30.

得 分	评卷人

四、翻译 (共计 20 分,每小题 4 分)

31—35:从以下 A、B、C 三个选项中选择出最佳的翻译。

31. 32. 33. 34. 35.