

试卷代号:1377

国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

### 理工英语3 试题

2020年1月

#### 注意事项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。



7. This garden is three times as \_\_\_\_\_ as that one.

A. big

B. bigger

C. biggest

8. \_\_\_\_\_ trying to beat back the rising flood, innovative amphibious buildings can adapt to the rising flood.

A. Besides

B. For

C. Instead of

9. All the team members tried their best. We lost the game, \_\_\_\_\_.

A. since

B. therefore

C. however

10. Tom told a lie to avoid \_\_\_\_\_ for his fault.

A. punishing

B. being punished

C. punished

11. I'll never forget the days \_\_\_\_\_ I worked together with you.

A. that

B. when

C. which

12. Hold on a minute, please. I'll put you \_\_\_\_\_.

A. off

B. on

C. through

13. He's decided to get a look at the house and see if it might be worth \_\_\_\_\_.

A. buy

B. to buy

C. buying

14. It is necessary \_\_\_\_\_ the book immediately.

A. for him to return

B. his returning

C. that he returns

15. These shops \_\_\_\_\_ to the needs of children.

A. meet

B. solve

C. cater

16. Several of the members have \_\_\_\_\_ suggestions of their own.

- A. come up with                      B. come into  
C. come on

17. Each CPU considered more than 6 billion hands of poker. That \_\_\_\_\_ more poker than has been played by the entire human race.

- A. adapt s to                      B. is used to  
C. amounts to

18. He is the right person to \_\_\_\_\_ such a large wine company.

- A. settle                      B. strengthen  
C. supervise

19. I didn't know what to do, but then an idea suddenly \_\_\_\_\_ to me.

- A. appeared                      B. happened  
C. occurred

20. They have \_\_\_\_\_ a new phone line in the apartment.

- A. powered                      B. installed  
C. decorated

### 三、阅读理解(共 40 分,每小题 4 分)

21—25 题: 阅读短文,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

In capsule hotels, each guest stays in a small sleeping space called capsule. It measures about 2 meters in length and 1 meter in both width and height.

It is a type of hotel first developed in Japan intended to provide cheap, basic overnight accommodation for guests who do not require the services offered by traditional hotels. Facilities differ, but most include a television and wireless internet connection. There are many buttons in the capsule. One turns on the light, one turns on the TV, one controls the channels. There is a radio and an alarm clock built in. The open end of the capsule can be closed, for privacy, with a curtain or a fibre glass door. Luggage is stored in a locker.

Clothes and shoes are sometimes exchanged for a yukata and slippers on entry. Washrooms are communal. Guests are asked not to smoke or eat in the capsules. Some hotels also provide restaurants (or at least vending machines), pools, and other entertainment facilities. Capsules are used primarily by men. Some capsule hotels offer separate sections for male and female guests.

The benefits of these hotels are convenience and price, usually around USD 25-50 a night. They provide a place for those who may be too drunk to return home safely. About 30% at the Capsule Hotel were unemployed or underemployed and were renting capsules by the month. It was first offered to salary men who had missed the last train home, but now it is also popular with travelers from all over the world. Therefore, it's going to gain more popularity.

21. The space of each capsule is quite \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. large
- B. capacious
- C. limited

22. Most capsules are not equipped with \_\_\_\_\_ in the small sleeping space.

- A. a TV
- B. washrooms
- C. wireless internet connection

23. Capsule hotels were first developed in \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. Japan
- B. China
- C. UK

24. The benefits of these hotels do not include \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. convenience
- B. comfort
- C. price

25. The writer has a \_\_\_\_\_ attitude towards capsule hotels.

- A. positive
- B. negative
- C. neutral

26—30 题:请根据对话内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

Henry and his friend Sally are talking about online shopping.

Sally: Do you do a lot of your shopping online?

Henry: Not really. I like looking at what's available on the Internet before I actually buy it. Sometimes, I'll choose what I want in a shop, later buying it online if it's cheaper. You don't like buying things online, do you?

Sally: No. I'm a little worried about security issues. You never know who's trying to find out your codes and passwords. Aren't you worried about that?

Henry: Not really. I know that it happens, but if you buy from reputable companies with secure websites, it should be OK. Even though I use online shopping facilities, I don't think it's the best way.

Sally: I'm surprised to hear you say that. I thought you loved any digital things.

Henry: I do. I'm a big fan of using new digital products, but I don't want to sit in front of a computer screen all day. I think people need to get out and interact with other people.

Sally: So, how about coming to the department store with me? I want to see if there are any new summer clothes on sale yet.

Henry: Sure. I'd love to join you. Can we stop by the computer store? I just want to see if they have something.

Sally: Sure. While you're in the computer store, I will visit the book store opposite. I like to browse through their books if they have anything interesting.

Henry: OK. I've finished online. Let's go. I'll just get some money and my credit card.

Sally: Thanks for reminding me. I had forgotten to get mine.

26. Both of them like online shopping very much.
27. Being cheap is one of the reasons for online shopping.
28. Henry is a big fan of digital products, so he likes sitting in front of the computer all day.
29. Henry will go to the department store with Sally.
30. Both of them will visit the computer store.

#### 四、写作(共 20 分)

31. 根据要求写作一篇关于交通问题的作文,不少于 100 词。

越来越多汽车进入我们的家庭生活,改善了我们的生活,但同时也带来了很多问题,如塞车和交通事故,给家庭和社会带来极大的危害。我们应该怎样做呢?

请写一篇有关交通安全的短文内容包含:

- (1)遵守交通规则,如走人行道/过斑马线。
- (2)教育孩子别在街道上或马路上玩耍和踢球。
- (3)不能酒后驾车。

注:你可以适当增加内容,让短文通顺,过渡自然。

参考词汇:sidewalk 人行道 zebra-crossing 斑马线

traffic jam 塞车 traffic accident 交通事故

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座位号

国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

理工英语3 试题答题纸

2020年1月

题号	一	二	三	四	总分
分数					

得分	评卷人

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1—5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1.                      2.                      3.                      4.                      5.

得分	评卷人

二、词汇与结构 (共计 30 分, 每小题 2 分)

6—20 题: 阅读下面的句子, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6.                      7.                      8.                      9.                      10.  
 11.                     12.                     13.                     14.                     15.  
 16.                     17.                     18.                     19.                     20.

得分	评卷人

三、阅读理解 (共 40 分, 每小题 4 分)

21—25 题: 阅读短文, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21.                      22.                      23.                      24.                      25.

26—30 题: 请根据对话内容判断给出的语句是否正确, 正确的写“T”, 错误的写“F”, 并将答案写在答题纸上。

26.                      27.                      28.                      29.                      30.

得分	评卷人

#### 四、写作(共 20 分)

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(1)遵守交通规则,如走人行道/过斑马线。

(2)教育孩子别在街道上或马路上玩耍和踢球。

(3)不能酒后驾车。

注:你可以适当增加内容,让短文通顺,过渡自然。

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traffic jam 塞车 traffic accident 交通事故

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国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

理工英语3 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2020年1月

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1—5题:选择正确的语句完成下列对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. A            2. A            3. C            4. A            5. B

二、词汇与结构(共计30分,每小题2分)

6—20题:阅读下面的句子,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. B            7. A            8. C            9. C            10. B  
11. B           12. C           13. C           14. A           15. C  
16. A           17. C           18. C           19. C           20. B

三、阅读理解(共40分,每小题4分)

21—25题:阅读短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. C            22. B            23. A            24. B            25. A

26—30题:请根据对话内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

26. F            27. T            28. F            29. T            30. F

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越来越多汽车进入我们的家庭生活,改善了我们的生活,但同时也带来了很多问题,如塞车和交通事故,给家庭和社会带来极大的危害。我们应该怎样做呢?

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注:你可以适当增加内容,让短文通顺,过渡自然。

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traffic jam 塞车 traffic accident 交通事故

(1)评分原则:

①本题总分为 20 分,按 6 个档次给分。

②评分时,先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来衡量、确定或调整档次,最后给分。

③评分时应注意的主要内容为:内容要点、句型变化、词汇运用和语法结构的准确性,语意的连贯性、逻辑性以及应用文的格式要求。

④评分时,如拼写错误较多,书写较差,以至影响交际,将分数降低一个档次。

(2)各档次的给分范围和要求

16—20分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● 完全完成了试题规定的任务；</li><li>● 覆盖所有内容要点；</li><li>● 语法结构、句型和词汇有变化；</li><li>● 语法结构和用词准确；</li><li>● 语意连贯、逻辑性强；</li><li>● 应用文写作格式规范。</li></ul>
11—15分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● 较好地完成了试题规定的任务；</li><li>● 覆盖所有内容要点；</li><li>● 句型和词汇有变化；</li><li>● 语法结构和词汇基本准确,些许错误主要是因为尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致；</li><li>● 语意基本连贯、有一定的逻辑性；</li><li>● 应用文写作格式较为规范。</li></ul>
6—10分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● 基本完成了试题规定的任务；</li><li>● 覆盖所有内容要点；</li><li>● 运用语法结构和词汇方面能满足任务的基本要求；</li><li>● 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,但不影响理解；</li><li>● 语意连贯性及逻辑性方面存在一定问题；</li><li>● 应用文写作格式基本规范。</li></ul>
3—5分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● 虽尽力但不足以完成试题规定的任务；</li><li>● 仅覆盖部分主要内容,或写了一些无关内容；</li><li>● 语法结构和词汇运用能力很弱；</li><li>● 有许多语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响了对写作内容的理解；</li><li>● 语意不连贯,逻辑性方面问题较大；</li><li>● 应用文写作格式不规范。</li></ul>
1—2分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● 未完成试题规定的任务；</li><li>● 句子不完整或无法理解；</li><li>● 语法结构或词汇方面错误连篇,影响对写作内容的理解;语言运用能力差；</li><li>● 语意不清,毫无逻辑；</li><li>● 应用文写作格式不规范。</li></ul>
0分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● 未答题,或虽作答但不知所云。</li></ul>